ALTMAR – PARISH – WILLIAMSTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For Year Ended June 30, 2024



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Education Altmar-Parish-Williamstown Central School District, New York

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Altmar-Parish-Williamstown Central School District, New York, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Altmar-Parish-Williamstown Central School District, New York, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Altmar-Parish-Williamstown Central School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Altmar-Parish-Williamstown Central School District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in District's total OPEB liability and related ratio, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of District contributions, and budgetary comparison information on pages 4-13 and 47-51 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Altmar-Parish-Williamstown Central School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2024 on our consideration of Altmar-Parish-Williamstown Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Altmar-Parish-Williamstown Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mongel, Metzger, Barr & Co. LLP

Rochester, New York September 30, 2024

Altmar-Parish-Williamstown Central School District

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Altmar-Parish-Williamstown Central School District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. This section is a summary of the Altmar-Parish-Williamstown Central School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and/or conditions. It is also based on both the government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the Altmar-Parish-Williamstown Central School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

At the close of the fiscal year, the total assets plus deferred outflows (what the district owns) exceeded the total liabilities plus deferred inflows (what the district owes) by \$15,560,236 (net position), a decrease of \$1,892,638 from the prior year.

General revenues, which include Federal and State Aid, Real Property Taxes, Investment Earnings, Compensation for Loss, and Miscellaneous accounted for \$36,325,287, or 90% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions accounted for \$4,130,726 or 10% of total revenues.

As of the close of the fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$12,962,330 a decrease of \$16,060,216 in comparison with the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains individual fund statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the School District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The *governmental* activities of the School District include instruction, pupil transportation, cost of food sales, general administrative support, community service, and interest on long-term debt.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The School District maintains six individual governmental funds: the General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the special aid fund, and the capital projects fund, which are reported as major funds. Data for the school lunch fund, the debt service fund, and miscellaneous special revenue fund, are aggregated into a single column and reported as non-major funds.

The School District adopts, and voters approve an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The *Fiduciary Funds* are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity which accounts for assets held by the School District on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of these funds are *not* available to support the School District's programs.

The financial statements for the governmental and fiduciary funds can be found in the basic financial statement section of this report.

	Major Feature of th	e District-Wide and Fund Financial	Statements
	Government-Wide	Fund Financi	al Statements
	Statements	Governmental Funds	<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the School District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education, scholarship programs, and building maintenance	Instances in which the School District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as student activities monies
Required financial statements	Statement of net assets Statement of activities	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	Statement of fiduciary net assets statement of changes in fiduciary net assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statement section of this report.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all the School District's assets and liabilities. All the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. Additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the school buildings and facilities must also be considered to assess the District's overall health.

All of the District's services are reported in the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes, federal and state aid, and investment earnings finance most of these activities.

Financial Analysis of the School District as a Whole

Net Position

The District's combined net position was less on June 30, 2024 than the year before, decreasing to \$15,560,236, as shown in the table below.

nown in the table below.	Governmental Activities					
ASSETS:		<u>2024</u>		2023		
Current and Other Assets	\$	30,263,195	\$	31,576,856	\$	(1,313,661)
Capital Assets		63,559,885		47,120,094		16,439,791
Total Assets	\$	93,823,080	\$	78,696,950	\$	15,126,130
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESO	OURCES:					
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	15,176,606	\$	19,333,587	\$	(4,156,981)
<u>LIABILITIES:</u>						
Long-Term Debt Obligations	\$	56,699,895	\$	61,095,166	\$	(4,395,271)
Other Liabilities		17,809,860		2,547,742		15,262,118
Total Liabilities	\$	74,509,755	\$	63,642,908	\$	10,866,847
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOU	RCES:					
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	18,929,695	\$	16,934,755	\$	1,994,940
NET POSITION:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	46,177,506	\$	41,721,938	\$	4,455,568
Restricted For,						
Capital Reserve		5,504,046		4,498,215		1,005,831
Repair Reserve		10,139,038		10,134,181		4,857
Other Purposes		7,712,821		10,689,937		(2,977,116)
Unrestricted		(53,973,175)		(49,591,397)		(4,381,778)
Total Net Position	\$	15,560,236	\$	17,452,874	\$	(1,892,638)

Key Variances

- Capital Assets increased \$16,439,791 because of capital project work completed during the school year as part of the \$37M capital project.
- Other Liabilities increased \$15,262,118 as result of construction BAN borrowing to support the needs of the capital project.

The District's financial position is the product of many factors.

By far, the largest component of the School District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

There were three restricted net asset balances: Capital Reserve, Repair Reserve and Other Purposes. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$53,973,175.

Changes in Net Position

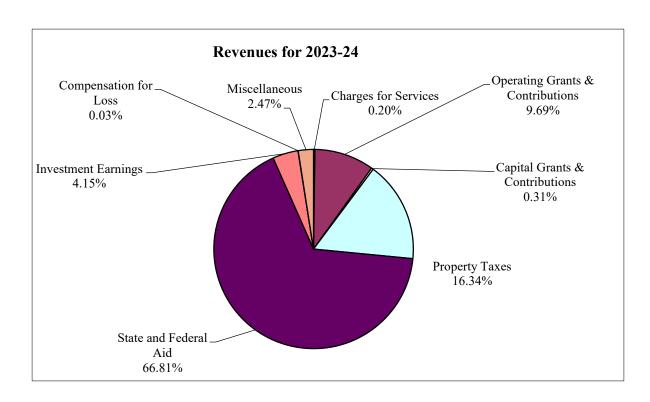
The District's total revenue increased to \$40,456,013. Approximately 67% of the revenue was from State and Federal Aid sources, while 16% came from property taxes. The remaining 17% of the revenue came from operating grants, capital grants, charges for services, investment earnings, compensation for loss, and miscellaneous revenues.

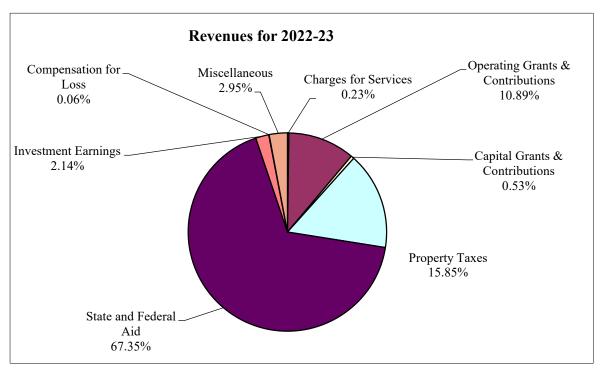
The total cost of all the programs and services increased to \$42,348,651. The District's expenses were predominately related to education and caring for the students, or Instruction 73%. General support, which included expenses associated with the operation, maintenance, and administration of the District, accounted for 13% of the total costs. See the table below for further details:

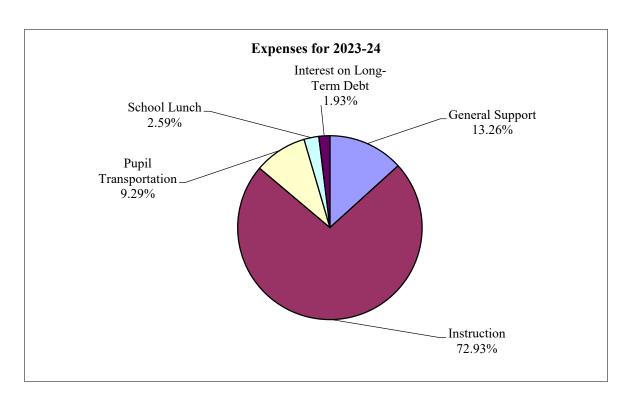
				Total
 Government		<u>Variance</u>		
<u>2024</u>		2023		
\$ 83,760	\$	91,474	\$	(7,714)
3,920,149		4,326,590		(406,441)
 126,817		210,780		(83,963)
\$ 4,130,726	\$	4,628,844	\$	(498,118)
\$ 6,608,661	\$	6,297,487	\$	311,174
27,028,274		26,762,128		266,146
1,679,291		850,061		829,230
11,518		23,042		(11,524)
 997,543		1,176,229		(178,686)
\$ 36,325,287	\$	35,108,947	\$	1,216,340
\$ 40,456,013	\$	39,737,791	\$	718,222
\$ 	\$	230,000	\$	(230,000)
\$ 5,616,017	\$	5,542,420	\$	73,597
30,883,952		30,686,354		197,598
3,935,981		4,128,956		(192,975)
1,095,993		987,272		108,721
816,708		358,731		457,977
\$ 42,348,651	\$	41,703,733	\$	644,918
\$ (1,892,638)	\$	(1,735,942)		
 17,452,874		19,188,816		
\$ 15,560,236	\$	17,452,874		
\$ \$ \$ \$	\$ 83,760 3,920,149 126,817 \$ 4,130,726 \$ 6,608,661 27,028,274 1,679,291 11,518 997,543 \$ 36,325,287 \$ 40,456,013 \$ - \$ 5,616,017 30,883,952 3,935,981 1,095,993 816,708 \$ 42,348,651 \$ (1,892,638)	\$ 83,760 \$ 3,920,149	\$ 83,760 \$ 91,474 3,920,149 4,326,590 126,817 210,780 \$ 4,130,726 \$ 4,628,844 \$ 6,608,661 \$ 6,297,487 27,028,274 26,762,128 1,679,291 850,061 11,518 23,042 997,543 1,176,229 \$ 36,325,287 \$ 35,108,947 \$ 40,456,013 \$ 39,737,791 \$ - \$ 230,000 \$ 5,616,017 \$ 5,542,420 30,883,952 30,686,354 3,935,981 4,128,956 1,095,993 987,272 816,708 358,731 \$ 42,348,651 \$ 41,703,733 \$ (1,892,638) \$ (1,735,942)	\$ 83,760 \$ 91,474 \$ 3,920,149 4,326,590 126,817 210,780 \$ 4,130,726 \$ 4,628,844 \$ \$ \$ 6,608,661 \$ 6,297,487 \$ 27,028,274 26,762,128 1,679,291 850,061 11,518 23,042 997,543 1,176,229 \$ 36,325,287 \$ 35,108,947 \$ \$ 40,456,013 \$ 39,737,791 \$ \$ \$ 5,616,017 \$ 5,542,420 \$ 30,883,952 30,686,354 3,935,981 4,128,956 1,095,993 987,272 816,708 \$ 358,731 \$ \$ 42,348,651 \$ 41,703,733 \$ \$ (1,892,638) \$ (1,735,942)

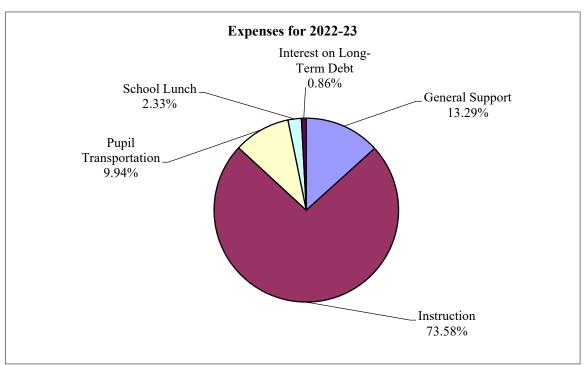
Key Variances

- Operating Grants and Contributions decreased \$406,441 due to a decrease in reliance on COVID funding. This can also be impacted by the timing differences in claiming FS-10 funds for grant activities which then do not match against the expenditures.
- Investment Earnings increased \$829,230 as a result of interest rates being elevated due to federal economic policy.
- Interest increased \$457,977 as a result of BAN borrowing.









Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$12,962,330, which is less than last year's ending fund balance of \$29,022,546.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$22,981,969. Fund balance for the General Fund increased by \$677,218 compared with the prior year. See table below:

			Total
General Fund Balances:	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>Variance</u>
Restricted	\$ 20,215,760	\$ 18,825,934	\$ 1,389,826
Assigned	1,179,034	2,004,365	(825,331)
Unassigned	1,587,175	1,474,452	112,723
Total General Fund Balances	\$ 22,981,969	\$ 22,304,751	\$ 677,218

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was \$230,365. This change is attributable to carryover encumbrances from the 2022-23 school year.

The key factors for budget variances in the general fund are listed below along with explanations for each.

	Budget Variance Amended	
	Vs.	
Revenue Items:	Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
Use of Money and		Conservative estimate used for budgeting for anticipated interest earnings.
Property	\$862,145	Interest rates remained high due to federal economic policy.
		Amount includes BOCES refund which is conservatively budgeted for
Miscellaneous	\$529,081	anticipated services for students.
		Decrease is due to expense-based aid components of state aid formula.
		Reduced transportation salaries due to retirements resulted in less aid being
State Sources	\$381,750	driven back by the formulas.
	Budget Variance	
	Amended	
	Vs.	
Expenditure Items:	Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
		Planned underspending of resources to maintain property, plant and
General Support	\$376,395	equipment due to the capital construction work.
		Use of grant funding has temporarily reduced the burden on the general
Instructional	\$1,112,330	fund.
Pupil Transportation	\$317,978	Salary breakage due to retirements.
		Use of grant funding has temporarily reduced the burden on the general
Employee Benefits	\$725,913	fund.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

By the end of the 2024 fiscal year, the District had invested \$63,408,575 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, work in progress, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment. The change in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reflected below:

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Capital Assets		
Land	\$ 64,800	\$ 64,800
Work in Progress	21,221,403	3,243,697
Buildings and Improvements	40,174,825	41,615,162
Machinery and Equipment	 1,947,547	 2,090,005
Total Capital Assets	\$ 63,408,575	\$ 47,013,664
Lease Assets		
Equipment	\$ 151,310	\$ 106,430
Total Lease Assets	\$ 151,310	\$ 106,430

More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the District had \$56,699,895 in general obligation bonds and other long-term debt as follows:

Type	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Serial Bonds	\$ 3,310,000	\$ 5,310,000
Lease Liability	50,976	88,156
OPEB	49,599,326	51,758,482
Net Pension Liability	2,722,028	3,654,987
Retainage	762,130	-
Compensated Absences	 255,435	 266,006
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 56,699,895	\$ 61,077,631

More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

The Altmar Parish Williamstown Central School District negotiated a five-year contract with the Superintendent terminating in 2029. The Superintendent has continued the work of the 2021-2026 strategic plan. The Administrative team of the district continues to assist in the execution of this strategic plan.

The District holds monthly committee meetings for both long range facility planning as well as financial planning. These committees help foster in-depth conversations that review the building/physical needs of the District and the outcome of those decisions on the financials. The Finance Committee helped to foster the conversation about the details contained in the Financial Reserve and Fund Balance plan document. This document addresses the recommendations of the NYS Comptroller to memorialize the actions taken by the board to fund and utilize reserves on an annual basis.

The District Long Range Planning Committee offered a vote to the community on December 7, 2021, to consider a \$37M renovation to the facilities that was approved by district voters. Phase one work was completed in time for opening of school in September 2023 which consisted of major renovation work being performed at the bus garage and JSHS. At the bus garage, renovation work consisted of roof replacement; overhead door replacement; fuel station improvements; oil/water separator work; lift station work, fencing, paving and installation of a new electric charging station for SUVs. At the JSHS, the work consists of roof replacements; paving and concrete work; masonry work; kitchen and cafeteria work; replacement of the gym partition; door replacements; lighting repair in various areas; drinking fountain replacements; HVAC replacements in the District Office and renovation in the IT suite.

Phase two work consisted of roof replacements; door replacements; window modifications; auditorium addition of approximately 2,500 square feet; music room renovation; second floor classroom renovation; technology trades classroom renovation; addition of pole barn; office space renovations for special education and guidance suites; electrical upgrades; paving and masonry work. This work took place during the 2023-2024 school year and the auditorium portion of the work is expected to be completed by fall 2024.

Phase three of the project continues with NYSED approval as of June 5, 2024. The expected renovation work for the rest of Phase 3 is to create a new art room; convert the existing art room to the new school-based health center; which will convert existing health center area to new SEL offices; and renovations in the library media center which will also see new entry doors. The gymnasium locker room area will be renovated to accommodate adaptive physical education; physical education teacher spaces and equipment storage; the space will also include meeting space and bathrooms. The choral, music and multi-purpose room will also be renovated along with other general site work, lighting, parking lot lighting, external wi-fi, athletic field drainage, and masonry work. The construction period is planned to begin in December 2024 and be completed by fall 2025.

The District ended the fiscal year 2023-2024 in a strong financial position. The Board reviews the reserves of the district and considers options for their use where appropriate in the development of future budgets. Since June 30, 2020, the Federal government has responded to the pandemic with two additional rounds of funding that have allowed the District to use funding under CRSSA and ARP funding streams to meet the ongoing needs of the pandemic and its impact to faculty, staff, and students. These funding streams are available to the district outside of the General Fund and are available for up to three years ending in September 2024. The District will continue to monitor fund balance and budgets in the near term to address any impacts that may occur.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the following:

Altmar-Parish-Williamstown Central School District 639 County Route 22, P.O. Box 97 Parish, New York 13131

ALTMAR-PARISH-WILLIAMSTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2024

		overnmental <u>Activities</u>
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	26,646,012
Accounts receivable		3,591,117
Inventories		26,066
Capital Assets:		
Land		64,800
Work in progress		21,221,403
Other capital assets (net of depreciation and amortization)		42,273,682
TOTAL ASSETS		93,823,080
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources	\$	15,176,606
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	463,139
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	686,661
Unearned revenues		17,851
Due to other governments		23,265
Due to teachers' retirement system		1,277,482
Due to employees' retirement system		171,883
Bond anticipation notes payable		15,000,000
Other Liabilities		169,579
Long-Term Obligations:		10,0,07
Due in one year		2,468,117
Due in more than one year		54,231,778
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	74,509,755
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	φ.	40.000.00
Deferred inflows of resources		18,929,695
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	46,177,506
Restricted For:		
Repair reserve		10,139,038
Capital reserves		5,504,046
Other purposes		7,712,821
Unrestricted		(53,973,175)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	15,560,236

Statement of Activities

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

									N	et (Expense)
									F	Revenue and
										Changes in
					Net Position					
					(Operating		Capital		
			Ch	arges for	(Frants and	G	rants and	G	overnmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	<u>S</u>	ervices	Co	ontributions	Co	ntributions		Activities
Primary Government -										
General support	\$	5,616,017	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(5,616,017)
Instruction		30,883,952		27,633		3,074,760		126,817		(27,654,742)
Pupil transportation		3,935,981		-		-		-		(3,935,981)
School lunch		1,095,993		56,127		845,389		-		(194,477)
Interest		816,708				-		_		(816,708)
Total Primary Government	\$	42,348,651	\$	83,760	\$	3,920,149	\$	126,817	\$	(38,217,925)
	Gener	ral Revenues:								
	Proj	perty taxes							\$	6,608,661
	Stat	e and federal a	id							27,028,274
	Inve	estment earning	gs							1,679,291
	Con	npensation for	loss							11,518
	Mis	cellaneous								997,543
	T	otal General R	Revenu	es					\$	36,325,287
	Cha	inges in Net Po	sition						\$	(1,892,638)
	Net	Position, Begi	inning	of Year						17,452,874
	Net	Position, End	of Yea	ar					\$	15,560,236

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2024

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Inventories Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$	General Fund 20,432,485 1,830,203 - 2,588,509 24,851,197	\$	Special Aid Fund 903,224 1,188,426	\$	Capital Projects <u>Fund</u> 2,578,352 513,067 - 40,455 3,131,874		Nonmajor vernmental Funds 2,731,951 59,421 26,066 85,500 2,902,938	\$	Total overnmental Funds 26,646,012 3,591,117 26,066 2,714,464 32,977,659
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALAN	CES									
Liabilities -	CES									
Accounts payable	\$	117,848	\$		\$	295,278	\$	50,013	\$	463,139
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	78,493	Ψ	39,982	Ψ	273,276	Ψ	5,248	Ψ	123,723
Notes payable - bond anticipation	no	76,493		39,962		15,000,000		3,240		15,000,000
Due to other funds	110	-		2,035,680				10 101		
		-		2,035,080		630,300		48,484		2,714,464
Due to other governments		1 277 492		-		-		23,265		23,265
Due to TRS		1,277,482		-		-		-		1,277,482
Due to ERS		171,883		-		-		-		171,883
Other liabilities		169,579		-		-		-		169,579
Compensated absences		53,943		-		-		-		53,943
Unearned revenue		-		15,988		 _	<u> </u>	1,863		17,851
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	1,869,228	\$	2,091,650	\$	15,925,578	\$	128,873	\$	20,015,329
Fund Balances -										
Nonspendable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	26,066	\$	26,066
Restricted		20,215,760		_		_		2,674,575		22,890,335
Assigned		1,179,034		_		465,570		73,424		1,718,028
Unassigned		1,587,175		_		(13,259,274)				(11,672,099)
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$	22,981,969	\$		\$	(12,793,704)	\$	2,774,065	\$	12,962,330
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND	Ψ	22,701,707	Ψ		Ψ	(12,773,704)	Ψ	2,774,003	Ψ	12,702,330
FUND BALANCES	\$	24,851,197	\$	2,091,650	\$	3,131,874	\$	2,902,938		
	Staten Capita and the	erefore are not	use a	are different assets used in ted in the fun	t bec gove ds.				resou	irces 63,559,885
		t in the funds.					F -			(562,938)
	Curren Seri Leas Reta OPE Con Defe Defe Net	t period and the al bonds payableses ainage EB apensated abservered outflow - perred outflow - pension liability	ereforde e aces oensid OPEI	e are not repo on 3		lue and payable in the governme				(3,310,000) (50,976) (762,130) (49,599,326) (201,492) 6,622,302 8,554,304 (2,722,028)
		erred inflow - pe		1						(1,693,739)
		erred inflow - O								(17,235,956)
	Net Po	osition of Gove	rnme	ental Activiti	es				\$	15,560,236

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

REVENUES Fund		General		Special Aid	Capital Projects		Nonmajor vernmental	Total Governmental		
Real property taxes and tax items \$ 6,608,661 \$ \$ \$ \$ 6,608,661 Charges for services 27,633 27,633 Use of money and property 1,562,145 117,146 1,679,291 Sale of property and compensation for loss 8114,081 282,182 11,518 Miscellaneous 814,081 282,182 74,720,83 State sources 144,292 2,394,326 782,357 33,030,975 Sales 56,127 56,127 56,127 56,127 750,127 707AL REVENUES			Fund	Fund		<u>Fund</u>	Funds		Funds	
Charges for services 27,633 27,633 Use of money and property 1,562,145 117,146 1,679,291 Sale of property and compensation for loss 11,518 97,962 1,194,225 Miscellaneous 814,081 282,182 97,962 1,194,225 State sources 26,883,982 398,252 126,817 63,032 27,472,083 Federal sources 144,292 2,394,326 782,357 3,302,075 Sales 5,6127 7 76,127 7 707AL REVENUES \$ 36,052,312 \$ 3,074,760 \$ 126,817 \$ 1,116,624 \$ 4,073,751 EXPENDITURES General support \$ 4,224,380 \$ 7 \$ 7 \$ 2 0,644,148 Pupit transportation 18,072,136 2,572,012 387,739 2,625,155 Employee benefits 7,748,771 495,521 15,372 28,398,264 Debt service - intierest 264,737 .	REVENUES									
Name	Real property taxes and tax items	\$	6,608,661	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	6,608,661	
Sale of property and compensation for loss 11.518	Charges for services		27,633	-		-	-		27,633	
Miscellaneous 814,081 282,182 - 97,962 1,194,225 State sources 26,883,982 398,252 126,817 63,033 27,472,083 Federal sources 144,292 2,394,326 - 782,357 3,320,975 Sales - - - 56,127 56,127 756,127 TOTAL REVENUES 36,052,312 3,074,760 \$126,817 \$1,116,624 \$40,370,513 EXPENDITURES General support 8,4224,380 \$ \$ \$ \$ 2,0644,148 Pupil transportation 18,072,136 2,572,012 387,739 \$ 2,0644,148 Pupil transportation 2,159,644 77,772 387,739 \$ 2,0641,148 Pupil transportation 2,159,644 77,772 387,739 \$ 2,037,180 Debt service - principal 2,037,180 \$ \$ 495,448 495,448 Other expenses 264,737 \$ \$ 484,524 484,524 Cost of s	Use of money and property		1,562,145	-		-	117,146		1,679,291	
State sources 26,883,982 398,252 126,817 63,032 27,472,083 Federal sources 144,292 2,394,326 — 6,27 782,357 3,320,975 Sales — 7 5,6127 56,127 56,127 7074 7074 126,817 \$1,16,624 \$40,370,513 TOTAL REVENUES **36,652,312***********************************	Sale of property and compensation for loss		11,518	-		-	-		11,518	
Pederal sources	Miscellaneous		814,081	282,182		-	97,962		1,194,225	
Sales - - - - 56,127 56,127 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 30,052,312 \$ 3,074,760 \$ 126,817 \$ 1,116,624 \$ 40,370,513 EXPENDITURES General support \$ 4,224,380 \$ 0.0 \$ 0.0 \$ 0.0 \$ 4,224,380 Instruction 18,072,136 2,572,012 - - 20,644,148 Pupil transportation 2,159,644 77,772 387,739 - 2,625,155 Employee benefits 7,748,771 495,521 - 153,972 8,398,264 Debt service - principal 2,037,180 - - - 2,037,180 Debt service - principal 2,037,180 - - - - 264,737 Cost of sales - - - - 495,448 495,448 Other expenses - - - 17,342,393 17,342,393 17,342,393 TOTAL EXPENDITURES \$ 34,506,848 \$ 3,145,305 \$ 17,730,132 \$ 1,133,944 \$ 56,516,229<	State sources		26,883,982	398,252		126,817	63,032		27,472,083	
STATION STAT	Federal sources		144,292	2,394,326		-	782,357		3,320,975	
EXPENDITURES General support \$ 4,224,380 \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ 4,224,380 Instruction 18,072,136 2,572,012 \$ - \$ - \$ 20,644,148 Pupil transportation 2,159,644 77,772 387,739 \$ - \$ 2,625,155 Employee benefits 7,748,771 495,521 \$ - \$ 153,972 8,398,264 Debt service - principal 2,037,180 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 2,037,180 Debt service - interest 264,737 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 264,737 Cost of sales 264,737 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 264,737 Cost of sales 264,737 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 495,448 495,448 Other expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 484,524 4	Sales			 			 56,127		56,127	
General support \$ 4,224,380 \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ 4,224,380 Instruction 18,072,136 2,572,012 - 6 - 2,064,148 Pupil transportation 2,159,644 77,772 387,739 - 2,625,155 Employee benefits 7,748,771 495,521 - 153,972 8,398,264 Debt service - principal 2,037,180 - 6 - 6 - 7 - 2 2,037,180 Debt service - interest 264,737 - 6 - 7 - 2 495,448 495,448 Other expenses - 7 - 6 - 7 - 2 495,448 495,448 Other expenses - 7 - 7 - 7 - 2 4495,448 495,448 Other expenses - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 2 4484,524 484,524 Capital outlay - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 2 17,342,393 - 17,	TOTAL REVENUES	\$	36,052,312	\$ 3,074,760	\$	126,817	\$ 1,116,624	\$	40,370,513	
Instruction 18,072,136 2,572,012 ————————————————————————————————————	EXPENDITURES									
Pupil transportation 2,159,644 77,772 387,739 — 2,625,155 Employee benefits 7,748,771 495,521 — 153,972 8,398,264 Debt service - principal 2,037,180 — - — - — 2,037,180 Debt service - interest 264,737 — - — - — 264,737 Cost of sales — - — - — - 495,448 495,448 Other expenses — - — - — 17,342,393 — - — 17,342,393 TOTAL EXPENDITURES — 34,506,848 — 3,145,305 — 17,301,32 — 11,339,44 56,516,229 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES — 3,155,464 — (70,545) — (17,603,315) — (17,320) — (16,145,716) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers - in — - — 5 — 70,545 — 797,701 — 5 — 868,246 Premium on obligations issued — - — 6 — 85,500 — 85,500 — 85,500 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE — 677,218 — 70,545 — 797,701 — 85,500 — 85,500	General support	\$	4,224,380	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	4,224,380	
Employee benefitis 7,748,771 495,521 - 153,972 8,398,264 Debt service - principal 2,037,180 - - - 2,037,180 Debt service - interest 264,737 - - - 264,737 Cost of sales - - - 495,448 495,448 Other expenses - - - 484,524 484,524 Capital outlay - - - 484,524 484,524 Capital Durbures \$ 34,506,848 \$ 3,145,305 \$ 17,30,132 \$ 1,33,944 \$ 56,516,229 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES \$ 1,545,464 \$ (70,545) \$ (17,603,315) \$ (17,320) \$ (16,145,716) Transfers - in \$ - \$ 70,545 \$ 797,701 \$ - 868,246 Transfers - out (868,246) - - - - 868,246 Premium on obligations issued - - - - 85,500 85,500 <t< td=""><td>Instruction</td><td></td><td>18,072,136</td><td>2,572,012</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>20,644,148</td></t<>	Instruction		18,072,136	2,572,012		-	-		20,644,148	
Debt service - principal 2,037,180 - - 2,037,180 Debt service - interest 264,737 - - 264,737 Cost of sales - - - 495,448 495,448 Other expenses - - 17,342,393 - 17,342,393 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 34,506,848 3,145,305 17,730,132 1,133,944 56,516,229 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES 31,545,464 (70,545) (17,603,315) (17,320) (16,145,716) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 5 797,701 5 868,246 Transfers - in 5 70,545 797,701 5 868,246 Premium on obligations issued 6 - - - - 868,246 Premium on obligations issued - - - 85,500 85,500 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING 5 70,545 797,701 5 85,500 85,500 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 677,218 - 1(16,805,614) 68,180	Pupil transportation		2,159,644	77,772		387,739	-		2,625,155	
Debt service - interest 264,737 - - 264,737 Cost of sales - - 495,448 495,448 Other expenses - - 484,524 484,524 Capital outlay - - 17,342,393 - 17,342,393 TOTAL EXPENDITURES \$ 34,506,848 \$ 3,145,305 \$ 17,730,132 \$ 1,133,944 \$ 56,516,229 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES \$ 1,545,464 \$ (70,545) \$ (17,603,315) \$ (17,320) \$ (16,145,716) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 70,545 \$ 797,701 \$ - 868,246 Transfers - out (868,246) - - - 85,500 85,500 Premium on obligations issued - - - 85,500 85,500 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING \$ (868,246) \$ 70,545 \$ 797,701 \$ 85,500 85,500 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ 677,218 \$ - \$ (16,805,614) \$ 68,180 \$ (16,060,216) FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING \$ (10,000,216) \$ (10,000,216) <	Employee benefits		7,748,771	495,521		-	153,972		8,398,264	
Cost of sales - - - 495,448 495,448 Other expenses - - - 484,524 484,524 Capital outlay - - - 17,342,393 - 17,342,393 TOTAL EXPENDITURES \$ 34,506,848 \$ 3,145,305 \$ 17,730,132 \$ 1,133,944 \$ 56,516,229 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES \$ 1,545,464 \$ (70,545) \$ (17,603,315) \$ (17,320) \$ (16,145,716) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 70,545 \$ 797,701 \$ - 868,246 Transfers - out (868,246) - - - 85,500 85,500 Premium on obligations issued - - - - 85,500 85,500 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING \$ 70,545 \$ 797,701 \$ 85,500 85,500 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ 677,218 \$ 70,545 797,701 \$ 85,500 \$ 85,500 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING \$ 70,545 \$ 797,701 \$ 68,180 (16,060,216) FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING \$	Debt service - principal		2,037,180	-		-	-		2,037,180	
Other expenses - - - 484,524 484,524 Capital outlay - - 17,342,393 - 17,342,393 TOTAL EXPENDITURES \$ 34,506,848 \$ 3,145,305 \$ 17,730,132 \$ 1,133,944 \$ 56,516,229 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES \$ 1,545,464 \$ (70,545) \$ (17,603,315) \$ (17,320) \$ (16,145,716) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers - out (868,246) - 70,545 797,701 \$ - 868,246 Premium on obligations issued - - - - 85,500 85,500 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (868,246) 70,545 797,701 \$ 85,500 85,500 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 677,218 - (16,805,614) 8 85,500 85,500 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR 22,304,751 - 4,011,910 2,705,885 29,022,546	Debt service - interest		264,737	-		-	-		264,737	
Capital outlay - - 17,342,393 - 17,342,393 TOTAL EXPENDITURES \$ 34,506,848 \$ 3,145,305 \$ 17,730,132 \$ 1,133,944 \$ 56,516,229 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES \$ 1,545,464 \$ (70,545) \$ (17,603,315) \$ (17,320) \$ (16,145,716) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers - out (868,246) - 70,545 797,701 \$ - 868,246 Premium on obligations issued - - - - 85,500 85,500 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING - 70,545 797,701 \$ 85,500 85,500 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ (868,246) \$ 70,545 797,701 \$ 85,500 85,500 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING \$ (16,805,614) \$ 68,180 \$ (16,060,216) FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING 22,304,751 - 4,011,910 2,705,885 29,022,546	Cost of sales		-	-		-	495,448		495,448	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES \$ 34,506,848 \$ 3,145,305 \$ 17,730,132 \$ 1,133,944 \$ 56,516,229 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES \$ 1,545,464 \$ (70,545) \$ (17,603,315) \$ (17,320) \$ (16,145,716) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 70,545 \$ 797,701 \$ - \$ 868,246 Transfers - out (868,246) - - - - 85,500 85,500 Premium on obligations issued - - - 85,500 85,500 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING \$ (868,246) \$ 70,545 \$ 797,701 \$ 85,500 85,500 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ (868,246) \$ 70,545 \$ 797,701 \$ 85,500 85,500 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING \$ 677,218 \$ - \$ (16,805,614) \$ 68,180 \$ (16,060,216) FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING 22,304,751 - 4,011,910 2,705,885 29,022,546	Other expenses		-	-		-	484,524		484,524	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES \$ 1,545,464 \$ (70,545) \$ (17,603,315) \$ (17,320) \$ (16,145,716) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers - in \$ - \$ 70,545 \$ 797,701 \$ - \$ 868,246 Transfers - out (868,246) - - - - 85,500 85,500 Premium on obligations issued - - - 85,500 85,500 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ (868,246) \$ 70,545 \$ 797,701 \$ 85,500 85,500 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ 677,218 \$ - \$ (16,805,614) \$ 68,180 \$ (16,060,216) FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING 22,304,751 - 4,011,910 2,705,885 29,022,546	Capital outlay			 _		17,342,393	 		17,342,393	
OVER EXPENDITURES \$ 1,545,464 \$ (70,545) \$ (17,603,315) \$ (17,320) \$ (16,145,716) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers - in \$ - \$ 70,545 \$ 797,701 \$ - \$ 868,246 Transfers - out (868,246) (868,246) Premium on obligations issued 85,500 85,500 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ (868,246) \$ 70,545 \$ 797,701 \$ 85,500 \$ 85,500 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ 677,218 \$ - \$ (16,805,614) \$ 68,180 \$ (16,060,216) FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING 22,304,751 4,011,910 2,705,885 29,022,546	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	34,506,848	\$ 3,145,305	\$	17,730,132	\$ 1,133,944	\$	56,516,229	
OVER EXPENDITURES \$ 1,545,464 \$ (70,545) \$ (17,603,315) \$ (17,320) \$ (16,145,716) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers - in \$ - \$ 70,545 \$ 797,701 \$ - \$ 868,246 Transfers - out (868,246) (868,246) Premium on obligations issued 85,500 85,500 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ (868,246) \$ 70,545 \$ 797,701 \$ 85,500 \$ 85,500 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ 677,218 \$ - \$ (16,805,614) \$ 68,180 \$ (16,060,216) FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING 22,304,751 4,011,910 2,705,885 29,022,546	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
Transfers - in \$ - \$ 70,545 \$ 797,701 \$ - \$ 868,246 Transfers - out (868,246) (868,246) Premium on obligations issued 85,500 85,500 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ (868,246) \$ 70,545 \$ 797,701 \$ 85,500 \$ 85,500 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ 677,218 \$ - \$ (16,805,614) \$ 68,180 \$ (16,060,216) FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING 22,304,751 - 4,011,910 2,705,885 29,022,546	·	\$	1,545,464	\$ (70,545)	\$	(17,603,315)	\$ (17,320)	\$	(16,145,716)	
Transfers - out (868,246) - - - (868,246) Premium on obligations issued - - - 85,500 85,500 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ (868,246) \$ 70,545 \$ 797,701 \$ 85,500 \$ 85,500 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ 677,218 \$ - \$ (16,805,614) \$ 68,180 \$ (16,060,216) FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING 22,304,751 - 4,011,910 2,705,885 29,022,546	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Premium on obligations issued - - - 85,500 85,500 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ (868,246) \$ 70,545 797,701 \$ 85,500 \$ 85,500 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ 677,218 - \$ (16,805,614) \$ 68,180 \$ (16,060,216) FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR 22,304,751 - 4,011,910 2,705,885 29,022,546	Transfers - in	\$	-	\$ 70,545	\$	797,701	\$ -	\$	868,246	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ (868,246) \$ 70,545 \$ 797,701 \$ 85,500 \$ 85,500 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ 677,218 \$ - \$ (16,805,614) \$ 68,180 \$ (16,060,216) FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING 22,304,751 - 4,011,910 2,705,885 29,022,546	Transfers - out		(868,246)	-		-	-		(868,246)	
SOURCES (USES) \$ (868,246) \$ 70,545 \$ 797,701 \$ 85,500 \$ 85,500 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ 677,218 \$ - \$ (16,805,614) \$ 68,180 \$ (16,060,216) FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING 22,304,751 - 4,011,910 2,705,885 29,022,546	Premium on obligations issued		-	-		-	85,500		85,500	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ 677,218 - \$ (16,805,614) \$ 68,180 \$ (16,060,216) FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING 22,304,751 - 4,011,910 2,705,885 29,022,546	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING		_			_			_	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR 22,304,751 - 4,011,910 2,705,885 29,022,546	SOURCES (USES)	\$	(868,246)	\$ 70,545	\$	797,701	\$ 85,500	\$	85,500	
OF YEAR 22,304,751 - 4,011,910 2,705,885 29,022,546	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	677,218	\$ -	\$	(16,805,614)	\$ 68,180	\$	(16,060,216)	
OF YEAR 22,304,751 - 4,011,910 2,705,885 29,022,546	FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING									
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR <u>\$ 22,981,969</u> <u>\$ -</u> <u>\$ (12,793,704)</u> <u>\$ 2,774,065</u> <u>\$ 12,962,330</u>	*		22,304,751	 		4,011,910	 2,705,885		29,022,546	
	FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	22,981,969	\$ 	\$	(12,793,704)	\$ 2,774,065	\$	12,962,330	

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES -TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\$ (16,060,216)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following are the amounts by which capital outlays and additions of assets in excess depreciation in the current period:

Capital Outlay	\$ 17,342,393
Additions to Assets, Net	1,009,638
Depreciation and Amortization	(1,912,240)

16,439,791

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. The following details these items as they effect the governmental activities:

Debt Repayments

2,037,180

In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.

(551,971)

The Retainage liability does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.

(762,130)

The net OPEB liability does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.

(1,847,703)

(Increase) decrease in proportionate share of net pension asset/liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds

Teachers' Retirement System Employees' Retirement System (846,639)

(365,464)

In the Statement of Activities, vacation pay, teachers' retirement incentive and judgments and claims are measured by the amount accrued during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount actually paid. The following provides the differences of these items as presented in the governmental activities:

Compensated Absences

64,514

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ (1,892,638)

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Altmar-Parish-Williamstown Central School District, New York (the District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Altmar-Parish-Williamstown Central School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units and* GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

1. Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The extraclassroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions, and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's business office. The District accounts for assets held for various student organizations in the fiduciary fund.

B. Joint Venture

The District is a component of the Oswego County Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). The BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$7,190,910 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$2,313,589.

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

C. Basis of Presentation

1. Districtwide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital specific grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Fund Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following governmental funds:

a. <u>Major Governmental Funds</u>

<u>General Fund</u> - This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Aid Fund - This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - Used to account for the acquisition construction or major repair of capital facilities and bus purchases.

b. Nonmajor Governmental Funds - The other funds which are not considered major are aggregated and reported as non-major governmental funds as follows:

<u>Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund</u> – used to account for and report those revenues that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>School Lunch Fund</u> - Used to account for transactions of the District's lunch, breakfast and milk programs.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations for governmental activities.

c. <u>Fiduciary</u> - Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used.

<u>Custodial Funds</u> - These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-Wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education for a tax collection period of 60 days. There is no opportunity to pay the tax bill after October 31. Unpaid taxes are returned to the County and will be added to the County tax bill with an additional 7% re-levy fee.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the Counties in which the District is located. The Counties pay an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the Counties for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1.

F. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these notes.

G. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowing. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the District-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note VII for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures, and revenues activity.

H. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

I. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

New York State Law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

J. Receivables

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, when applicable. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

K. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food and/or supplies for school lunch are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

A nonspendable fund balance for these non-liquid assets (inventories and prepaid items) has been recognized to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

L. Capital Assets

In the District-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives and capitalization threshold by type of assets is as follows:

	Capi	talization	Depreciation	Estimated	
<u>Class</u>	<u>Th</u>	<u>reshold</u>	Method	Useful Life	
Buildings	\$	5,000	SL	20-50 Years	
Machinery and Equipment	\$	5,000	SL	5-20 Years	

The investment in infrastructure type assets have not been segregated for reporting purposes since all costs associated with capital projects are consolidated and reported as additions to buildings and improvements.

M. Right To Use Assets

The District-wide financial statements, right-to-use-assets are reported within the major class of the underlying asset and valued at the future minimum lease payment. Amortization is between 3 and 5 years based on the contract terms and/or estimated replacement of the assets.

N. Unearned Revenue

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

O. <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until that time.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

P. Vested Employee Benefits

1. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

The District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the District-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end.

In the fund's statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Q. Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b) and 457.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits may be shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

R. Short-Term Debt

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that a BAN issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

S. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the funds' financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

T. Equity Classifications

1. <u>District-Wide Statements</u>

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

- **a.** <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.
- **b.** Restricted Net Position reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

On the Statement of Net Position, the following balances represent the restricted for other purposes:

	Total
Workers' Compensation	\$ 479,204
Unemployment Costs	71,972
Retirement Contribution - TRS	1,131,105
Retirement Contribution - ERS	1,685,285
Insurance	480,269
Debt	2,183,217
Employee Accrued Liability Benefit	724,841
Capital Projects	465,570
Scholarships	491,358
Total Net Position - Restricted for	
Other Purposes	\$ 7,712,821

c. <u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> - reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications. The reported deficit of \$53,973,175 at year end is the result of full implementation of GASB #75 regarding retiree health obligations.

2. Fund Statements

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

a. Nonspendable Fund Balance – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes:

	<u>Total</u>			
Inventory in School Lunch	\$ 26,066			
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$ 26,066			

Restricted Fund Balances – Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

<u>Capital Reserve</u> - According to Education Law §3651, must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditures may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. The Reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under restricted fund balance.

Reserve for Debt Service - According to General Municipal Law §6-1, the Reserve for Debt Service must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of the sale. Also, earnings on project monies invested together with unused proceeds are reported here.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefits due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

Workers' Compensation Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-j, must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget.

Repair Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-d, must be used to pay the cost of repairs to capital improvements or equipment, which repairs are of a type not recurring annually. The Board of Education, without voter approval, may establish a repair reserve fund by a majority vote of its members. Voter approval is required to fund this reserve (Opinion of the New York State Comptroller 81-401). Expenditures from this reserve may be made only after a public hearing has been held, except in emergency situations. If no hearing is held, the amount expended must be repaid to the reserve fund over the next two subsequent fiscal years.

<u>Insurance Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-n, must be used to pay liability, casualty and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve may be established by Board action, and funded by budgetary appropriation, or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the Insurance Reserve, however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval.

<u>Retirement Contribution Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.

<u>Teachers' Retirement Reserve</u> – General Municipal Law §6-r was amended to include a Teachers' Retirement Reserve (TRS) sub-fund. The reserve has an annual funding limit of 2% of the prior year TRS salaries and a maximum cumulative total balance of 10% of the previous year's TRS salary.

<u>Unemployment Insurance Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund.

Encumbrances – Encumbrances accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance in all funds other than the General Fund and School Lunch Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

Restricted fund balances include the following:

	Total			
General Fund -				
Workers' Compensation	\$	479,204		
Unemployment Costs		71,972		
Retirement Contribution - ERS		1,685,285		
Retirement Contribution - TRS		1,131,105		
Insurance		480,269		
Repair		10,139,038		
Capital		5,504,046		
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability		724,841		
Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund -				
Scholarships		491,358		
<u>Debt Service Fund -</u>				
Debt Service		2,183,217		
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$	22,890,335		

- **c.** <u>Committed</u> Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the school districts highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2024.
- **d.** Assigned Fund Balance Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General Fund are classified as assigned fund balance. Encumbrances represent purchase commitments made by the District's purchasing agent through their authorization of a purchase order prior to year-end. The District assignment is based on the functional level of expenditures.

Management has determined significant encumbrances for the General Fund to be in excess of \$50,500, the Capital Projects Fund to be in excess of \$28,500 and the Special Aid Fund to be in excess of \$12,000. The District reports the following significant encumbrances:

General Fund -	
General Support	\$ 52,917
Capital Projects Fund -	
Capital Improvements	\$ 9,792,184
Bus Purchases	\$ 465,569

Assigned fund balances include the following:

	<u> 1 otai</u>
General Fund - Encumbrances	\$ 79,034
General Fund - Appropriated for Taxes	1,100,000
Capital Projects Fund - Capital Projects	465,570
School Lunch Fund - Year End Equity	73,424
Total Assigned Fund Balance	\$ 1,718,028

e. <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> —Includes all other general fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the school district and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the general fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or assigned.

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the District's budget for the general fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the general fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

3. Order of Use of Fund Balance

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, the remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

U. New Accounting Standards

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2024, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

GASB has issued Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022 (financial guarantees and derivative instruments).

GASB has issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62.

V. Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, which will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

GASB has issued Statement No. 102, *Certain risk Disclosures*, which will be effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024.

GASB has issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*, which will be effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025.

The District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

II. Restatement of Fund Balance

During the year ended June 30, 2024, changes to or within the financial reporting entity resulted in restatements of beginning nonmajor fund balance, as follows:

	Fund Balance		
Nonmajor fund balance beginning of year, as previously stated	\$	706,061	
Debt Service Fund previously reported as major		1,999,824	
Nonmajor fund balance beginning of year, as restated	\$	2,705,885	

Nonmajor

III. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

By its nature as a local government unit, the District is subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the District's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over District resources follows.

A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget.

Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restriction, if the Board approves them because of a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. The 2023-24 budget was increased by \$230,365 for carry over encumbrances, and \$797,702 for the voter approved bus purchase.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital projects fund expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred, or the commitment is paid.

C. <u>Deficit Fund Balance – Capital Projects Fund</u>

The Capital Projects Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$12,793,704 at June 30, 2024, which is a result of bond anticipation notes which are used as a temporary means of financing capital projects. These proceeds are not recognized as revenue but merely serve to provide cash to meet expenditures. This results in the creation of a fund deficit which will remain until the notes are replaced by permanent financing (i.e., bonds, grants-in-aid, or redemption from current appropriations).

IV. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Credit risk: In compliance with the State Law, District investments are limited to obligations of the United States of America, obligations guaranteed by agencies of the Unites States of America where the payment of principal and interest are guaranteed by the United States of America, obligations of the State, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit issued by a bank or trust company located in, and authorized to do business in, the State, and obligations issued by other municipalities and authorities within the State.

Concentration of Credit risk: To promote competition in rates and service cost, and to limit the risk of institutional failure, District deposits and investments are placed with multiple institutions. The District's investment policy limits the amounts that may be deposited with any one financial institution.

Interest rate risk: The District has an investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates.

The District's aggregate bank balances (disclosed in the financial statements), included balances not covered by depository insurance at year end, collateralized as follows:

Uncollateralized \$ Collateralized within Trust Department or Agent 9,047,435

Total \$ 9,047,435

Restricted cash represents cash where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$22,890,335 within the governmental funds.

V. Investment Pool

The District participates in a multi-municipal cooperative investment pool agreement pursuant to New York State General Municipal Law Article 5-G, §119-O, whereby it holds a portion of the investments in cooperation with other participants. The investments are highly liquid and are considered to be cash equivalents.

Total investments of the cooperative as of year end are \$20,390,793, which consisted of \$6,094,808 in repurchase agreements, \$11,741,019 in U.S. Treasury Securities, \$487,340 in FDIC insured deposits and \$2,067,626 in collateralized bank deposits, with various interest rates and due dates.

The following amounts are included as unrestricted and restricted cash:

	Bank	Carrying	Type of			
Fund	Amount	Amount	Invesment			
General	\$ 15,626,878	\$ 15,626,878	NYCLASS			
Special Aid	\$ 8,465	\$ 8,465	NYCLASS			
Capital	\$ 2,542,700	\$ 2,542,700	NYCLASS			
Scholarship	\$ 358,966	\$ 358,966	NYCLASS			
Debt Service	\$ 1,853,784	\$ 1,853,784	NYCLASS			

VI. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2024 for individual major funds and non-major funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities									
		General	$\mathbf{S}_{]}$	pecial Aid	Capi	tal Projects	No	n-Major		
Description		Fund		Fund		Fund]	Funds		Total
Accounts Receivable	\$	119,597	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,512	\$	121,109
Due From State and Federal		669,317		1,188,426		513,067		57,909		2,428,719
Due From Other Governments		1,041,289		-						1,041,289
Total Receivables	\$	1,830,203	\$	1,188,426	\$	513,067	\$	59,421	\$	3,591,117
Accounts Receivable Due From State and Federal Due From Other Governments	\$ \$	119,597 669,317 1,041,289	\$ \$	1,188,426	\$ \$	513,067	\$ \$	1,512 57,909	\$ \$	121,10 2,428,71 1,041,28

District management has deemed the amounts to be fully collectible.

VII. Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures at June 30, 2024 were as follows:

		Interfund										
	R	Receivables		<u>Payables</u>	R	<u>Revenues</u>	Expenditures					
General Fund	\$	2,588,509	\$	-	\$	-	\$	868,246				
Capital Projects Fund		40,455		630,300		797,701		-				
Special Aid Fund		-		2,035,680		70,545		-				
Non-Major Funds		85,500		48,484		-		-				
Total	\$	2,714,464	\$	2,714,464	\$	868,246	\$	868,246				

Inter-fund receivables and payables between governmental activities are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are not necessarily expected to be repaid within one year.

Transfers are used to finance certain special aid programs, support capital project expenditures, school lunch programs and debt service expenditures.

VIII. Capital Assets and Lease Assets

A. Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity were as follows:

	Balance						Balance
Type	7/1/2023		Additions	Deletions		6/30/2024	
Governmental Activities:							
Capital Assets that are not Depreciated -							
Land	\$ 64,800	\$	-	\$	-	\$	64,800
Work in progress	 3,243,697	_	18,104,523		126,817		21,221,403
Total Nondepreciable	\$ 3,308,497	\$	18,104,523	\$	126,817	\$	21,286,203
Capital Assets that are Depreciated -							
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 64,483,397	\$	-	\$	-	\$	64,483,397
Machinery and equipment	 5,222,146		303,117		92,066		5,433,197
Total Depreciated Assets	\$ 69,705,543	\$	303,117	\$	92,066	\$	69,916,594
Less Accumulated Depreciation -							
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 22,868,235	\$	1,440,337	\$	-	\$	24,308,572
Machinery and equipment	3,132,141		405,199		51,690		3,485,650
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 26,000,376	\$	1,845,536	\$	51,690	\$	27,794,222
Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net							
of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 43,705,167	\$	(1,542,419)	\$	40,376	\$	42,122,372
Total Capital Assets	\$ 47,013,664	\$	16,562,104	\$	167,193	\$	63,408,575

B. <u>Lease Assets</u>

A summary of the lease asset activity during the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

Type Lease Assets:	Balance 7/1/2023	<u>A</u>	<u>dditions</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>eletions</u>	Balance / <u>30/2024</u>
Equipment	\$ 258,394	\$	111,584	\$	24,323	\$ 345,655
Total Lease Assets	\$ 258,394	\$	111,584	\$	24,323	\$ 345,655
Less Accumulated Amortization -	 _					
Equipment	\$ 151,964	\$	66,704	\$	24,323	\$ 194,345
Total Accumulated Amortization	\$ 151,964	\$	66,704	\$	24,323	\$ 194,345
Total Lease Assets, Net	\$ 106,430	\$	44,880	\$	-	\$ 151,310

C. Other capital assets (net of depreciation and amortization):

Depreciated Capital Assets, net	\$ 42,122,372
Amortized Capital Assets, net	 151,310
Total Other Capital Assets, net	\$ 42,273,682

D. Depreciation/Amortization expense for the period was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:	De	epreciation	Am	<u>ortization</u>	Total		
General Government Support	\$	153,522	\$	-	\$ 153,522		
Instruction		1,347,543		66,704	1,414,247		
Pupil Transportation		340,635		-	340,635		
School Lunch		3,836		<u></u>	 3,836		
Total	\$	1,845,536	\$	66,704	\$ 1,912,240		

IX. Short-Term Debt

Transactions in short-term debt for the year are summarized below:

		Interest	Ba	lance				Balance
	Maturity	Rate	<u>7/1</u>	<u>/2023</u>	Additions	Dele	<u>tions</u>	6/30/2024
BAN	8/16/2024	4.25%	\$		\$ 15,000,000	\$		\$ 15,000,000
Total	Short-Term Debt		\$		\$ 15,000,000	\$	-	\$ 15,000,000

A summary of the short-term interest expense for the year is as follows:

Interest Paid	\$ -
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year	556,042
Total Short-Term Interest Expense	\$ 556,042

X. <u>Long-Term Debt Obligations</u>

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Balance <u>7/1/2023</u>	<u>A</u>	dditions	Deletions	Balance <u>6/30/2024</u>	_	ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities:							
Bonds and Notes Payable -							
Serial Bonds	\$ 5,310,000	\$	-	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 3,310,000	\$	1,615,000
Lease Liability	88,156			 37,180	 50,976		37,044
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	\$ 5,398,156	\$	-	\$ 2,037,180	\$ 3,360,976	\$	1,652,044
Other Liabilities -							
Net Pension Liability	\$ 3,654,987	\$	-	\$ 932,959	\$ 2,722,028	\$	-
OPEB	51,758,482		-	2,159,156	49,599,326		-
Retainage Payable	-		762,130	-	762,130		762,130
Compensated Absences	266,006		-	10,571	255,435		53,943
Total Other Liabilities	\$ 55,679,475	\$	762,130	\$ 3,102,686	\$ 53,338,919	\$	816,073
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 61,077,631	\$	762,130	\$ 5,139,866	\$ 56,699,895	\$	2,468,117

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as compensated absences.

Existing serial and statutory bond obligations:

<u>Description</u> Serial Bonds -	Original <u>Amount</u>	Issue <u>Date</u>	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>		Amount utstanding 5/30/2024
Refunding Bond Total Serial Bonds	\$ 6,320,000	2023	2026	5.00%	<u>\$</u>	3,310,000 3,310,000
Leases -						2,020,000
Copier	\$ 134,800	2021	2026	2.16%	\$	42,750
Copier	\$ 10,966	2022	2025	2.16%		2,808
Postage Meter	\$ 11,285	2022	2026	2.16%		5,418
Total Leases					\$	50,976

The following is a summary of debt service requirements:

	 Serial	Bonds		Leases				
<u>Year</u>	 Principal e	<u>al</u> <u>Interest</u>		<u>P</u> 1	rincipal	<u>In</u>	<u>terest</u>	
2025	\$ 1,615,000	\$	165,500	\$	37,044	\$	727	
2026	1,695,000		84,750		13,141		95	
2027	-		-		791		4	
Total	\$ 3,310,000	\$	250,250	\$	50,976	\$	826	

Interest on long-term debt for June 30, 2024 was composed of:

Total Long-Term Interest Expense	\$ 260,666
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year	 6,896
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year	(10,967)
Interest Paid	\$ 264,/3/

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligations and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. \$3,435,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

XI. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

The following is a summary of the deferred inflows/outflows of resources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows	<u>Inflows</u>
Pension	\$ 6,622,302	\$ 1,693,739
OPEB	 8,554,304	 17,235,956
Total	\$ 15,176,606	\$ 18,929,695

XII. Pension Plans

A. General Information

The District participates in the New York State Teacher's Retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employee's Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

B. Provisions and Administration

A 10-member Board of Trustees of the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board administers TRS. TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the system, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to NYSTRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395 or by referring to the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report, which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. NYSRSSL govern obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to NYSERS, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244 or by referring to the ERS Comprehensive Annual Report, which can be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php.

C. Funding Policies

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS Tier 6 vary based on a sliding salary scale. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year.

The District's share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll paid for the District's year ended June 30, 2024:

<u>Contributions</u>		ERS	TRS	
2024	\$	556 695	\$	1 277 482

D. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2024 for ERS and June 30, 2023 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and ERS Systems in reports provided to the District.

		ERS		TRS
Measurement date	Ma	arch 31, 2024	Ju	ne 30, 2023
Net pension assets/(liability)	\$	(2,021,947)	\$	(700,081)
District's portion of the Plan's total net pension asset/(liability)		0.0137323%		0.061218%

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expenses of \$952,047 for ERS and \$1,963,565 for TRS. At June 30, 2024, the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources				
	ERS TRS		ERS		TRS			
Differences between expected and								
actual experience	\$	651,268	\$	1,697,511	\$	55,133	\$	4,195
Changes of assumptions		764,453		1,507,254		-		328,498
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan								
investments		-		357,868		987,711		-
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and								
proportionate share of contributions		288,310		66,470		42,093		276,109
Subtotal	\$	1,704,031	\$	3,629,103	\$	1,084,937	\$	608,802
District's contributions subsequent to the								
measurement date		171,883		1,117,285		-		-
Grand Total	\$	1,875,914	\$	4,746,388	\$	1,084,937	\$	608,802

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
2024	\$ -	\$ 248,791
2025	(306,463)	(380,940)
2026	447,017	2,770,100
2027	655,612	164,113
2028	(177,072)	131,123
Thereafter	_	87,114
Total	\$ 619,094	\$ 3,020,301

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	March 31, 2024	June 30, 2023
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2023	June 30, 2022
Interest rate	5.90%	6.95%
Salary scale	4.50%	5.18%-1.95%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2016- March 31, 2020 System's Experience	July 1, 2015- June 30, 2020 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.90%	2.40%
COLA's	1.50%	1.30%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015 System experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2021. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2021.

The long term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2024 are summarized as follows:

Long Term Expected Rate of Return TRS Measurement date March 31, 2024 June 30, 2023 Asset Type -Domestic equity 4.00% 6.80% International equity 6.65% 7.60% Global equity 7.20% 0.00% Private equity 7.25% 10.10% Real estate 4.60% 6.30% Opportunistic portfolios 0.00% 5.25% Real assets 5.79% 0.00%Global bonds 0.00%1.60% Cash 0.25% 0.30% Private debt 0.00%6.00% Real estate debt 0.00% 3.20% High-yield bonds 0.00% 4.40% Domestic fixed income 0.00%2.20% Fixed income 1.50% 0.00% Credit 5.40% 0.00%

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.9% for ERS and 2.4% for TRS.

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.90% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.90% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.90% for ERS and 5.95% for TRS) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.90% for ERS and 7.95% for TRS) than the current assumption:

ERS Employer's proportionate share of the net pension	1'	% Decrease (4.90%)	A	Current Assumption (5.90%)	% Increase (6.90%)
asset (liability)	\$	(6,357,209)	\$	(2,021,947)	\$ 1,598,896
TRS Employer's proportionate	1'	% Decrease (5.95%)	A	Current Assumption (6.95%)	% Increase (7.95%)
share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$	(10,662,595)	\$	(700,081)	\$ 7,678,823

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(in inousands)					
		ERS		TRS		
Measurement date	M	larch 31, 2024	Jı	une 30, 2023		
Employers' total pension liability	\$	240,696,851	\$	138,365,122		
Plan net position		225,972,801		137,221,537		
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$	(14,724,050)	\$	(1,143,585)		
Ratio of plan net position to the						
employers' total pension asset/(liability)		93.88%		99.20%		

I. Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2024 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2024 through June 30, 2024 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2024 amounted to \$171,883.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2024 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2024 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2024 amounted to \$1,277,482.

XIII. Postemployment Benefits

A. General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the District. The plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At June 30, 2024, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	122
Active Employees	247
Total	369

B. Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$49,599,326 was measured as of June 30, 2024, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.10%
Salary Increases	3.50%
Discount Rate	3.93%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	7.50% initially, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.54% beginning in 2090
Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs	Varies depending on contract terms in place at retirement

The discount rate was based on the 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher as of June 30, 2024.

Mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 Headcount-Weighted table (Teachers for TRS group and General Employees for ERS group) projected generationally using MP-2020.

C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ 51,758,482
Changes for the Year -	
Service cost	\$ 1,602,501
Interest	1,899,410
Changes of benefit terms	86,734
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(4,485,527)
Benefit payments	 (1,262,274)
Net Changes	\$ (2,159,156)
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ 49,599,326

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.65 percent in 2023 to 3.93 percent in 2024.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.93 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.93 percent) than the current discount rate:

	Discount						
	1%	Decrease		Rate	1	% Increase	
	<u>(2.93%)</u>		<u>(3.93%)</u>		<u>(4.93%)</u>		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	59.075.364	\$	49,599,326	\$	42,140,080	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	Healthcare						
	19	% Decrease	Cos	t Trend Rates	1% Increase		
	(6.50 to 3.54%)		<u>(7.5</u>	50 to 4.54%)	(8.50 to 5.54%)		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	40,511,528	\$	49,599,326	\$	61,689,873	

D. <u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$3,109,977. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		rred Outflows f Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and	-						
actual experience	\$	4,702,521	\$	17,235,956			
Changes of assumptions		3,851,783		-			
Total	\$	8,554,304	\$	17,235,956			

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year	
2025	\$ (478,668)
2026	(775,902)
2027	(869,767)
2028	(2,889,798)
2029	(3,274,570)
Thereafter	 (392,947)
Total	\$ (8,681,652)

XIV. Risk Management

A. General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees, theft, damages, natural disasters, etc. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

B. Workers' Compensation

The District is a member of the Onondaga-Cortland-Madison Workers' Consortium (the Plan). Current membership of the Plan includes participants from various municipal entities. The Plan is administered by Onondaga-Cortland-Madison BOCES and utilizes a third-party administrator who is responsible for processing claims, estimating liabilities and providing actuarial services. The Plan participants are charged an annual assessment which is allocated in light of comparative experience and relative exposure based on the estimated total liability of the participating members actuarially computed each year.

The Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expenses in the period in which they are made. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$185,174. The District has established a workers' compensation reserve totaling \$479,204 at June 30, 2024.

C. Unemployment

District employees are entitled to coverage under the New York State Unemployment Insurance Law. The District has elected to discharge its liability to the New York State Unemployment Insurance Fund (the Fund) by the benefit reimbursement method, a dollar-for-dollar reimbursement to the fund for benefits paid from the fund to former employees. The claim and judgment expenditures of this program for the 2023-24 fiscal year totaled \$7,782. In addition, as of June 30, 2024, no loss contingencies existed or were considered probable or estimable for incurred but not reported claims payable. The District has established an unemployment insurance reserve totaling \$71,972 at June 30, 2024.

XV. Commitments and Contingencies

A. <u>Litigation</u>

There is no litigation pending against the District as of the balance sheet date.

B. Grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal Governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

XVI. Tax Abatement

The County of Oswego IDA, and the District enter into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of Economic Development. As a result, the District property tax revenue was reduced \$24,163. The District received payment in lieu of tax (PILOT) payment totaling \$50,112 to help offset the property tax reduction.

ALTMAR-PARISH-WILLIAMSTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Changes in District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratio

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

TOTAL OPER LIABILITY

			IUIA	L OP	EB LIABILIT	Y				
		<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Service cost	\$	1,602,501	\$ 1,773,172	\$	2,480,077	\$	2,427,640	\$ 1,537,387	\$ 1,485,895	\$ 1,365,889
Interest		1,899,410	1,844,093		1,372,569		1,320,453	1,474,877	1,410,327	1,025,925
Changes in benefit terms		86,734	732,380		-		-	-	-	-
Differences between expected										
and actual experiences		-	653,815		-		6,866,386	-	2,050,586	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(4,485,527)	(18,750,296)		-		10,301,407	-	780,972	-
Benefit payments		(1,262,274)	 (1,217,413)		(1,349,570)		(1,321,036)	 (1,053,626)	 (1,017,996)	(865,569)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	\$	(2,159,156)	\$ (14,964,249)	\$	2,503,076	\$	19,594,850	\$ 1,958,638	\$ 4,709,784	\$ 1,526,245
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	\$	51,758,482	\$ 66,722,731	\$	64,219,655	\$	44,624,805	\$ 42,666,167	\$ 37,956,383	\$ 36,430,138
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	49,599,326	\$ 51,758,482	\$	66,722,731	\$	64,219,655	\$ 44,624,805	\$ 42,666,167	\$ 37,956,383
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	14,697,515	\$ 14,200,497	\$	11,825,309	\$	11,593,441	\$ 10,824,611	\$ 10,612,364	\$ 11,622,396
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Cov	ered									
Employee Payroll		337.47%	364.48%		564.24%		553.93%	412.25%	402.04%	326.58%

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

ALTMAR-PARISH-WILLIAMSTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

	NYSERS Pension Plan (Dollar amounts displayed in thousands)																			
		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u> <u>2022</u>				<u>2021</u> <u>2020</u>			<u>2019</u> <u>2018</u>				<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>	
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.	0137323%	0.	.1183990%	0	0.0095658%	0	.0105033%	0	.0107862%	0.	.0105748%	0.	0106401%	0.	0105225%	0.	.0112814%	0	0.0100000%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$	2,022	\$	2,539	\$	(782)	\$	10	\$	2,856	\$	749	\$	343	\$	989	\$	1,811	\$	387
Covered-employee payroll	\$	4,610	\$	3,927	\$	3,163	\$	3,504	\$	3,383	\$	3,421	\$	3,521	\$	3,319	\$	3,262	\$	3,021
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		43.861%		64.655%		-24.723%		0.285%		84.422%		21.894%		9.742%		29.798%		55.518%		12.810%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		93.88%		90.78%		103.65%		99.95%		86.39%		96.27%		98.24%		94.70%		90.70%		97.90%
				NY	STR	S Pension Pl	lan (Dollar amou	ınts (displayed in	thou	usands)								
		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.	0612180%	0.	.0581600%	0	0.0561620%	0	.0548540%	0	.0548460%	0.	.0579280%	0.	0560780%	0.	0566550%	0.	.0611360%	0	0.0604970%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$	700	\$	1,116	\$	(9,732)	\$	(1,516)	\$	(1,425)	\$	(1,047)	\$	(429)	\$	607	\$	(6,350)	\$	(6,739)
Covered-employee payroll	\$	13,533	\$	10,581	\$	9,597	\$	9,471	\$	9,319	\$	9,155	\$	9,712	\$	8,950	\$	9,456	\$	9,929
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		5.173%		10.547%		-101.407%		-16.007%		-15.291%		-11.436%		-4.417%		6.782%		-67.153%		-67.872%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		99.20%		98.60%		113.20%		97.80%		102.20%		101.53%		100.66%		99.01%		110.46%		111.48%

ALTMAR-PARISH-WILLIAMSTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of District Contributions

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

		N	YSERS Pen	sion	Plan (Dol	lar a	amounts d	lispl	ayed in th	ous	ands)				
	<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		2020		<u>2019</u>	2018	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$ 557	\$	425	\$	479	\$	481	\$	470	\$	448	\$ 477	\$ 450	\$ 497	\$ 578
Contributions in relation to the contractually required	(222)		(10.7)		(450)		(101)		(450)		(110)	(177)	(450)	(40=)	(550)
contribution	 (557)		(425)		(479)		(481)		(470)		(448)	 (477)	 (450)	 (497)	 (578)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$	_	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ _	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,610	\$	3,927	\$	3,163	\$	3,504	\$	3,383	\$	3,421	\$ 3,521	\$ 3,319	\$ 3,262	\$ 3,021
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	12.08%		10.82%		15.14%		13.73%		13.89%		13.10%	13.55%	13.56%	15.24%	19.13%
		N	YSTRS Pens	sion	Plan (Dol	lar a	amounts d	lispl	ayed in th	ous	ands)				
	<u>2024</u>		2023		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>	2018	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$ 1,277	\$	1,305	\$	968	\$	898	\$	825	\$	925	\$ 1,042	\$ 1,159	\$ 1,610	\$ 1,506
Contributions in relation to the contractually required															
contribution	 (1,277)		(1,305)		(968)		(898)		(825)		(925)	 (1,042)	 (1,159)	 (1,610)	 (1,506)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$	_	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 13,533	\$	10,581	\$	9,597	\$	9,471	\$	9,319	\$	9,155	\$ 9,712	\$ 8,950	\$ 9,456	\$ 9,929
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	9.44%		12.33%		10.09%		9.48%		8.85%		10.10%	10.73%	12.95%	17.03%	15.17%

ALTMAR-PARISH-WILLIAMSTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -

Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

						Current	Over (Under)				
		Original		Amended		Year's		Revised			
		Budget		Budget	i	Revenues		Budget			
REVENUES											
Local Sources -											
Real property taxes	\$	6,551,146	\$	5,846,727	\$	5,835,175	\$	(11,552)			
Real property tax items		79,090		783,509		773,486		(10,023)			
Charges for services		28,710		28,710		27,633		(1,077)			
Use of money and property		700,000		700,000		1,562,145		862,145			
Sale of property and											
compensation for loss		-		-		11,518		11,518			
Miscellaneous		285,000		285,000		814,081		529,081			
State Sources -											
Basic formula		21,879,329		21,879,329		21,468,767		(410,562)			
Lottery aid		-		-		2,968,375		2,968,375			
BOCES		2,352,498		2,352,498		2,313,589		(38,909)			
Textbooks		81,335		81,335		61,629		(19,706)			
All Other Aid -											
Computer software		19,276		19,276		35,074		15,798			
Library loan		-		-		2,733		2,733			
Other aid		2,933,294		2,933,294		33,815		(2,899,479)			
Federal Sources		275,000		275,000		144,292		(130,708)			
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	35,184,678	\$	35,184,678	\$	36,052,312	\$	867,634			
Appropriated fund balance	\$	1,774,000	\$	1,774,000							
Prior year encumbrances	\$	230,365	\$	230,365							
TOTAL REVENUES AND	_		-								
APPROPRIATED RESERVES/											
FUND BALANCE	\$	37,189,043	\$	37,986,745							

ALTMAR-PARISH-WILLIAMSTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -

$Budget\ (Non\text{-}GAAP\ Basis)\ and\ Actual\ \text{-}\ General\ Fund$

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Original <u>Budget</u>		Amended <u>Budget</u>		E	Current Year's xpenditures	Encumbrances			encumbered Balances
EXPENDITURES					_				•	
General Support -										
Board of education	\$	42,904	\$	45,604	\$	41,124	\$	_	\$	4,480
Central administration		226,126		223,726		220,381		_		3,345
Finance		717,448		733,358		649,528		24,195		59,635
Staff		298,706		271,996		208,425		-		63,571
Central services		2,657,339		2,618,836		2,369,724		28,722		220,390
Special items		762,172		760,172		735,198		-		24,974
Instructional -		,		,		,				ŕ
Instruction, administration and improvement		1,107,747		1,091,937		858,045		7,800		226,092
Teaching - regular school		7,163,166		7,239,611		6,855,229		12,150		372,232
Programs for children with										
handicapping conditions		6,692,948		6,652,403		6,388,990		-		263,413
Occupational education		1,030,050		1,053,050		1,030,050		-		23,000
Teaching - special schools		946,375		947,889		947,889		-		-
Instructional media		962,899		908,886		738,350		5,203		165,333
Pupil services		1,302,571		1,316,435		1,253,583		592		62,260
Pupil Transportation		2,480,708		2,477,994		2,159,644		372		317,978
Employee Benefits		8,474,684		8,474,684		7,748,771		-		725,913
Debt service - principal		2,000,000		2,037,180		2,037,180		-		-
Debt service - interest		263,200		264,737		264,737		-		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	37,129,043	\$	37,118,498	\$	34,506,848	\$	79,034	\$	2,532,616
Other Uses -										
Transfers - out	\$	60,000	\$	868,247	\$	868,246	\$	-	\$	1
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND										
OTHER USES	\$	37,189,043	\$	37,986,745	\$	35,375,094	\$	79,034	\$	2,532,617
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	\$	677,218				
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		22,304,751		22,304,751		22,304,751				
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	22,304,751	\$	22,304,751	\$	22,981,969				

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

A reconciliation is not necessary since encumbrances are presented in a separate column on this schedule.

ALTMAR-PARISH-WILLIAMSTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Change From Adopted Budget To Final Budget

And The Real Property Tax Limit

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET:

Adopted budget			\$ 36,958,678
Prior year's encumbrances			230,365
Original Budget			\$ 37,189,043
Budget revisions -			
Voter approved bus purchase			\$ 797,702
FINAL BUDGET			\$ 37,986,745
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULAT	O	N:	
2024-25 voter approved expenditure budget			\$ 39,679,371
<u>Unrestricted fund balance:</u>			
Assigned fund balance	\$	1,179,034	
Unassigned fund balance		1,587,175	
Total Unrestricted fund balance	\$	2,766,209	
Less adjustments:			
Appropriated fund balance	\$	1,100,000	
Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance		79,034	

\$ 1,179,034

1,587,175

4.00%

Total adjustments

Real Property Tax Law

ACTUAL PERCENTAGE

General fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of

ALTMAR-PARISH-WILLIAMSTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND Schedule of Project Expenditures

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Expenditures							
	Original	Revised	Prior	Current		Unexpended	Local	State			Fund
Project Title	Appropriation	Appropriation	Years	<u>Year</u>	<u>Total</u>	Balance	Sources	Sources	Transfers	<u>Total</u>	Balance
2021-22 Bus Purchase	\$ 236,000	\$ 236,000	\$ 173,121	\$ -	\$ 173,121	\$ 62,879	\$ 236,000	\$ -	\$ (7,273) \$	228,727	\$ 55,606
2023-24 Bus Purchases	797,702	797,702	-	387,739	387,739	409,963	797,702	-	-	797,702	409,963
2021 \$37M Project	37,000,000	37,000,000	3,243,697	17,215,576	20,459,273	16,540,727	7,200,000	-	-	7,200,000	(13,259,273)
Smart School Bonds	2,067,182	580,506	386,250	126,817	513,067	67,439		513,067		513,067	
TOTAL	\$ 40,100,884	\$ 38,614,208	\$ 3,803,068	\$ 17,730,132	\$ 21,533,200	\$ 17,081,008	\$ 8,233,702	\$ 513,067	\$ (7,273) \$	8,739,496	\$ (12,793,704)

ALTMAR-PARISH-WILLIAMSTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

Special

		Reven	ue Fun	d			Total	
		School	Mis	scellaneous	Debt	Nonmajor		
		Lunch	Spec	ial Revenue	Service	Go	vernmental	
		Fund		Fund	Fund		Funds	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	142,876	\$	491,358	\$ 2,097,717	\$	2,731,951	
Receivables		59,421		-	-		59,421	
Inventories		26,066		-	-		26,066	
Due from other funds					85,500		85,500	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	228,363	\$	491,358	\$ 2,183,217	\$	2,902,938	
FUND BALANCES								
<u>Liabilities</u> -								
Accounts payable	\$	50,013	\$	-	\$ -	\$	50,013	
Accrued liabilities		5,248		-	-		5,248	
Due to other funds		48,484		-	-		48,484	
Due to other governments		23,265		-	-		23,265	
Unearned revenue	-	1,863			 _		1,863	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	128,873	\$		\$ <u>-</u>	\$	128,873	
Fund Balances -								
Nonspendable	\$	26,066	\$	-	\$ -	\$	26,066	
Restricted		-		491,358	2,183,217		2,674,575	
Assigned		73,424			-		73,424	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$	99,490	\$	491,358	\$ 2,183,217	\$	2,774,065	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND								
FUND BALANCES	\$	228,363	\$	491,358	\$ 2,183,217	\$	2,902,938	

ALTMAR-PARISH-WILLIAMSTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

Special

		Revenu	ıe Fun	d		Total			
		School	Mis	scellaneous	Debt	Nonmajor			
	Lunch		Spec	ial Revenue	Service	Go	vernmental		
	Fund			Fund	Fund		Funds		
REVENUES									
Use of money and property	\$	353	\$	18,900	\$ 97,893	\$	117,146		
Miscellaneous		27		97,935	-		97,962		
State sources		63,032		-	-		63,032		
Federal sources		782,357		-	-		782,357		
Sales		56,127			 		56,127		
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	901,896	\$	116,835	\$ 97,893	\$	1,116,624		
EXPENDITURES									
Employee benefits	\$	153,972	\$	_	-	\$	153,972		
Cost of sales		495,448		-	-		495,448		
Other expenses		374,382		110,142	-		484,524		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	1,023,802	\$	110,142	\$ -	\$	1,133,944		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	(121,906)	\$	6,693	\$ 97,893	\$	(17,320)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Premium on obligations issued	\$	_	\$		\$ 85,500	\$	85,500		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING									
SOURCES (USES)	\$		\$		\$ 85,500	\$	85,500		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(121,906)	\$	6,693	\$ 183,393	\$	68,180		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING									
OF YEAR		221,396		484,665	 1,999,824		2,705,885		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	99,490	\$	491,358	\$ 2,183,217	\$	2,774,065		

ALTMAR-PARISH-WILLIAMSTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Net Investment in Capital Assets/Right to Use Assets

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

Capital assets/right to use assets, net

\$ 63,559,885

Deduct:

Bond payable \$ 3,310,000

Leases 50,976

Assets purchased with short-term financing 13,259,273

Retainage Payable 762,130

17,382,379

Net Investment in Capital Assets/Right to Use Assets

\$ 46,177,506

ALTMAR-PARISH-WILLIAMSTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

Grantor / Pass - Through Agency Federal Award Cluster / Program	Assistance Listing <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Agency <u>Number</u>	Ex	Total penditures
U.S. Department of Education:				
Passed Through NYS Education Department -				
Special Education Cluster IDEA -				
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	0032-24-0710	\$	317,353
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	0033-24-0710		11,221
Special Education - Grants to				
States (IDEA, Part B)-COVID-19	84.027X	5532-22-0710		37,297
Special Education - Preschool				
Grants (IDEA Preschool)-COVID-19	84.173X	5533-22-0710		5,037
Total Special Education Cluster IDEA			\$	370,908
Education Stabilization Fund -				
ARP - Homeless II-COVID-19	84.425W	5218-21-2330	\$	11,937
ARP - ESSER 3-COVID-19	84.425U	5880-21-2330		756,327
ARP - Summer Enrichment-COVID-19	84.425U	5882-21-2330		71,215
ARP - Afterschool-COVID-19	84.425U	5883-21-2330		187,438
ARP - SLR Learning Loss-COVID-19	84.425U	5884-21-2330		433,760
Total Education Stabilization Fund			\$	1,460,677
Title IIA - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	0147-23-2330		108
Title IIA - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	0147-24-2330		35,149
Title V - Rural & Low Income Schools	84.358	0006-24-2330		1,904
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	0021-24-2330		525,580
Total U.S. Department of Education			\$	2,394,326
U.S. Department of Agriculture:				
Passed Through NYS Education Department -				
Child Nutrition Cluster -				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	460102040000	\$	461,668
National School Lunch Program-Non-Cash				
Assistance (Commodities)	10.555	460102040000		59,331
National School Snack Program	10.555	460102040000		22,489
Supply Chain Assistance-COVID-19	10.555	460102040000		32,823
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	460102040000		187,098
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	460102040000		18,948
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			\$	782,357
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			\$	782,357
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWAR	RDS		\$	3,176,683



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Education Altmar-Parish-Williamstown Central School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Altmar-Parish-Williamstown Central School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Altmar-Parish-Williamstown Central School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mengel, Metzger, Barn & Co. LLP

Rochester, New York September 30, 2024